## How to Use a Baren

Before using your Baren, spread a drop or two of oil using the palm of your hand over the *barengawa* (bamboo sheath that covers the baren and forms the handle), covering both the face and the edges of the *Baren*. You should do this each day that you print. This will keep the barengawa supple and help lengthen its printing life. However, if it is saturated with too much oil, the barengawa will stretch and become weak, so do not overdo it. Any kind of light weight oil will do. We recommend Camellia Oil, which is traditionally used by printmakers in Japan. Some Japanese printers use the oil from their hair or foreheads! Avoid vegetable oils because they can become rancid.

You may want to protect the back of the printing paper by placing a sheet of *ategami* (a thin, translucent Japanese protective paper that is strong and waterproof), tracing paper, or baking parchment between the baren and the print while you are printing. This will protect the printing paper from the vigorous rubbing, add life to the barengawa, and make it easier to move the baren over the area being printed.

Grip the baren with the tips of your fingers tucked beneath the handle. Apply pressure with the heel of your hand, not your fingers or knuckles, and use the motion of your shoulder to move the baren. The baren should always move in a circular motion across the area you are printing. Pressure depends on the look you want. Press hard to pick up as much ink as possible; press softly for a subtle look. When you have finished printing each sheet, hold the baren in your hands with the handle up. Using your thumbs, give the *ategawa* (the stiff, black backing piece under the handle) a little turn. If you are in the habit of doing this every time you print, the coil will not wear through the barengawa so quickly and the barengawa will last much longer.

Most printmakers have several baren, since the shape and construction of the *shin* (the coil, which is sandwiched between the barengawa and ategawa) create different effects.

It is normal for the barengawa to split or develop holes from use. Since the *takenokawa* (bamboo sheath) is a natural material, there is no way to predict how soon this will happen. Some barengawa last a very long time while others break down and develop holes quickly. This is not a defect of the baren.

Most people in the west wait until there are signs of wear and then replace the barengawa but this may be too long to wait. The Hon ("Genuine" or professional quality) Baren craftsman recommends replacing the *takenokawa* (bamboo sheath) frequently, before any holes appear, because doing so protects the shin from wear and the baren will last much longer. Some traditional printers in Japan change the takenokawa at the end of a long day of printing; others wait a week or so before replacing it.

Happy printmaking!





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